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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/450,941	11/29/1999	JACCO BROK	2493-13	8363	
75	90 07/16/2003				
NIXON & VANDERHYE PC 1100 NORTH GLEBE ROAD 8TH FLOOR			EXAMINER		
			LUDWIG, MATTHEW J		
ARLINGTON,	VA 22201		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			2178		
		DATE MAILED: 07/16/2003			

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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Office Action Summary		Application No.	App	licant(s)	'Y		
		09/450,941	BRO	OK ET AL.			
		Examiner	Art	Unit			
		Matthew J. Ludwig					
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication ap	ppears on the cover s	theet with the corres	pondence address	;		
A SH THE - Exte after - If the - If NO - Failu - Any earn	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPI MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. nsions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. e period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a re to period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period are to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by staturely received by the Office later than three months after the mailing ed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	136(a). In no event, however ply within the statutory minin d will apply and will expire SI tte. cause the application to b	er, may a reply be timely file turn of thirty (30) days will bo X (6) MONTHS from the ma secome ABANDONED (35)	d e considered timely. illing date of this commun U.S.C. § 133).	lication.		
Status	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 29	November 1999					
1)⊠	•	This action is non-fin	al				
2a) <u> </u>	Since this application is in condition for allow			cution as to the me	erits is		
,	closed in accordance with the practice unde	er Ex parte Quayle, 1	935 C.D. 11, 453 C).G. 213.			
=	ion of Claims Claim(s) 1-20 is/are pending in the application	on					
4)[4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdr		tion.				
5)	,						
,—	Claim(s) <u>1-20</u> is/are rejected.						
,	Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
-	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	or election requiren	nent.				
•	ion Papers	·					
9)[The specification is objected to by the Examin	ner.					
10)⊠	The drawing(s) filed on 29 November 1999 is						
	Applicant may not request that any objection to						
11)	The proposed drawing correction filed on			by the Examiner.			
	If approved, corrected drawings are required in		on.				
, —	The oath or declaration is objected to by the I	Examiner.					
1	under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120						
· ·	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for fore	ign priority under 35	U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d)) or (1).			
а)						
	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
	 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage 						
	application from the International See the attached detailed Office action for a li	Bureau (PCT Rule 1	7.2(a)).	tnis National Stag	je		
	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for dome			o a provisional apr	plication).		
	a) The translation of the foreign language Acknowledgment is made of a claim for dome	provisional application	on has been receive	ed.			
Attachme	ent(s)						
2) No	tice of References Cited (PTO-892) tice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) ormation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s	4)	Interview Summary (PT Notice of Informal Pater Other:				
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DETAILED ACTION

- 1. This action is responsive to communications: application filed 11/29/99.
- 2. Claims 1-20 are pending in the case. Claims 1, 3, 4, 12, 13, and 20 are independent claims.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 1-20 Are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Blumer et al., U.S. Patent Number 5,890,171 filed (8/6/96).

In reference to independent claim 1, Blumer discloses:

- The web browser program allows the user to retrieve and display documents from Web servers (compare to "retrieving said at least one document from the database in response to a request for that document"). See column 5, lines 55-67.
- Web server then retrieves the document and returns it in an HTTP response message to the Web browser. If the document has hypertext links, then the user may again select on of the links to request that a new document be retrieved (compare to "scanning the retrieved document to identify said links"). See column 6, lines 25-35.

Blumer does not explicitly disclose methods for transforming the links into a format, which is recognizable by the document browser; however, the reference does mention a program, which receives the results of a query. The program then constructs an HTML document that is

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returned to the Web server, which then sends it to the Web browser. The transformation that takes place during which HTML language is parsed and then displayed on a user's browser as *highlighted words or phrases* would have been an obvious transformation of links into a format recognizable by the document browser and would have given the user the added benefit of locating documents anywhere on the internet.

In reference to dependent claim 2, Blumer discloses:

The base URL is used to determine the protocol identifier, machine name, optional port and base directory for a relative URL. See column 4, lines 15-25. The URL methods taught by Blumer, which demonstrate the locations of documents, perform similar document retrieval methods. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to utilize URL's for determining the position of the requested documents, because it would have given the user a proficient technique for document retrieval without the use of indexes.

In reference to independent claims 3 & 4, Blumer discloses:

- The web browser program allows the user to retrieve and display documents from Web servers (compare to "retrieving said at least one document from the database in response to a request for that document"). See column 5, lines 55-67.
- Web server then retrieves the document and returns it in an HTTP response message to the Web browser. If the document has hypertext links, then the user may again select on of the links to request that a new document be retrieved (compare to "scanning the retrieved document to identify said links"). See column 6, lines 25-35.

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Blumer does not explicitly disclose methods for transforming the links into a format, which is recognizable by the document browser; however, the reference does mention a program, which receives the results of a query. The program then constructs an HTML document that is returned to the Web server, which then sends it to the Web browser. The transformation that takes place during which HTML language is parsed and then displayed on a user's browser as highlighted words or phrases would have been an obvious transformation of links into a format recognizable by the document browser and would have given the user the added benefit of locating documents anywhere on the internet.

In reference to dependent claim 5, Blumer discloses:

When managing large and complex web sites, to have the capability to include one document as part of another document. This feature allows a document fragment commonly used in many pages within a web to reside in one place for easy maintenance. See column 6, lines 55-67.

In reference to dependent claims 6 & 7, Blumer discloses:

The combination of the Web server and Web browser communicating using an HTTP protocol over a computer network is referred to herein as'web architecture'. See column 5, lines 55-67.

In reference to dependent claim 8 & 9, Blumer discloses:

The Web server and the Web browser communicate using the Hypertext Transfer

Protocol (HTTP) message protocol. The Web server checks for authorization, performs any
requested action, and returns an HTTP message containing an HTML document. See column 6,
lines 8-30.

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In reference to dependent claim 10, Blumer discloses:

The documents are often hypertext documents in the HTML language, but may be other types of document objects as well, and may include images, audio, and/or video information. See column 4, lines 50-60.

In reference to dependent claim 11, Blumer discloses:

If the token is an HTML tag that specifies a hypertext link, if the link uses a relative URL, and if the document is being processed because it is included in another document, then the relative URL is rewritten. See column 11, lines 16-28.

In reference to independent claims 12, 13, and 20, the claims recite similar limitations to the method claims of 1 & 3 and are therefore rejected under similar rationale.

In reference to dependent claim 14, Blumer discloses:

The combination of the Web server and Web browser communicating using an HTTP protocol over a computer network is referred to herein as, 'web architecture'. See column 5, lines 55-67.

In reference to dependent claim 15-19, the claims recite similar limitations to that of 7-11 and therefore rejected under similar rationale.

Conclusion

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Judson

US Patent No. 5,572,643

filed (10/19/95)

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Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Matthew J. Ludwig whose telephone number is 703-305-8043. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:00am-5:00pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Heather Herndon can be reached on 703-308-5186. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are 703-746-7239 for regular communications and 703-746-7238 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-305-4700.

ML July 10, 2003

HEATHER R. HERNDON
SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER
TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2100